## Learning Goals

- Identify statements and predicates
- Translate English predicates to math predicates
- Create proofs using truth tables

## Which are statements?

- 1. If the input has x bits, this algorithm\* uses at most  $2x^2$  operations.
- 2. For all x > 10, if the input has x bits, this algorithm\* uses at most  $2x^2$  operations.
- 3. This sentence (the one you are reading right now) is false.
- 4. Is QuickSort faster than MergeSort?
- \*Assume I've given you a description of some particular algorithm.

		"If P then Q"	"P if and only if Q"	"P and Q"	"P or Q"	"not P"
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \lor Q$	$\neg P$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	F
Т	F	F	F	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	T	Т
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т

		"If P then Q"	"P if and only if Q"	"P and Q"	"P or Q"	"not P"
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \lor Q$	$\neg P$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	F
Т	F	F	F	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	Т	Т
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т

		"If P then Q"	"P if and only if Q"	"P and Q"	"P or Q"	"not P"
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \lor Q$	$\neg P$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	F
Т	F	F	F	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	Т	Т
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т

		"If P then Q"	"P if and only if Q"	"P and Q"	"P or Q"	"not P"
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \lor Q$	$\neg P$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	F
Т	F	F	F	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	Т	Т
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т

		"If P then Q"	"P if and only if Q"	"P and Q"	"P or Q"	"not P"
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \lor Q$	$\neg P$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	F
Т	F	F	F	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	Т	Т
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т

		"If P then Q"	"P if and only if Q"	"P and Q"	"P or Q"	"not P"
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \lor Q$	$\neg P$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	F
Т	F	F	F	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	T	Т
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т

		"If $P$ then $Q$ "	"P if and only if Q"	"P and Q"	<i>"P</i> or <i>Q"</i>	"not P"
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \lor Q$	$\neg P$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	F
Т	F	F	F	F	Т	F
F	Т	Т	F	F	Т	Т
F	F	Т	Т	F	F	Т

Please Memorize (will get practice on Pset 1). (To speak a new language, you need to memorize some vocab.)

## Truth Table Proof

- •Prove  $(P \rightarrow Q) \lor (Q \rightarrow R)$  is true using a truth table.
- Explain in words why it is true without a truth table.
- •Prove:  $(P \rightarrow Q) \leftrightarrow (\neg P \lor Q)$  (can extend original table)

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